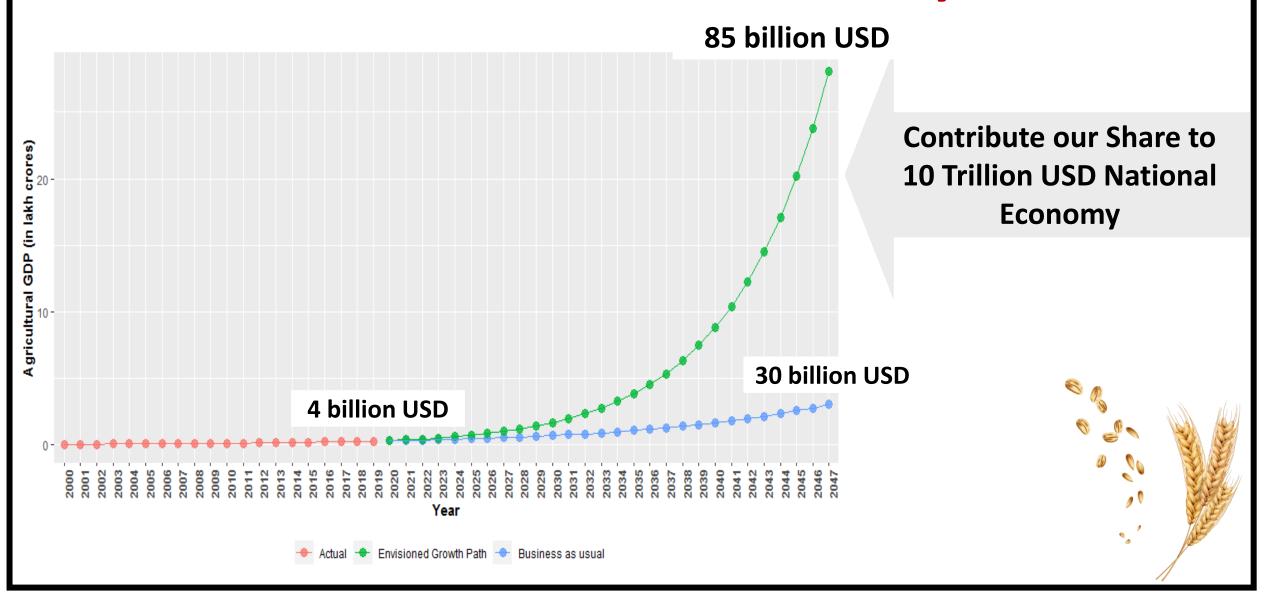


# **Agriculture and the Bio-economy**



# Make J&K a Model Bio-economy State



## Atmanirbhar J&K

## Atmanirbhar Bharat



Output: Rs 10,000 Crore

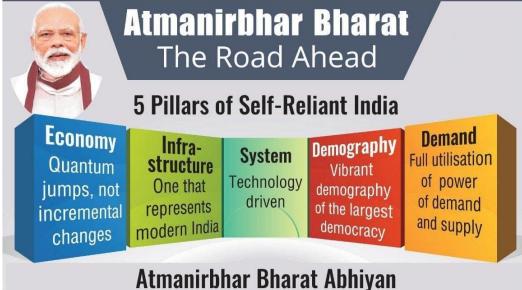
**Exports:** Nil

**Imports:** 2500 Crore

(Livestock husbandry)

Package of

₹ 20 lakh crores



To cater to labourers, middle class, Focus on Land. Labour, Liquidity cottage industry, MSMEs and (about 10% of GDP\*) and Laws industries among others

nomic measures and RBI announcements Reforms– Need of the H $\checkmark$ Capable **Reforms in** Human Simple Car Agriculture/ and Clear Laws Reso Resource



**Net Exporter of Agricultural Goods** and Services



# Join the League of Developed Nations



#### a. Social Development Indices

- ✓ Food Security
- ✓ Nutritional Security
- Economic Security
- Environmental Sustainability
- ✓ Increased Literacy
- ✓ Improved Health
- Reduced Mortality

#### b. Human Happiness Index





### J & K- as Contributor to National Goals

- Make J&K a model bio-economy state
- Contribute significant share to national economy
- Atmanirbhar J&K & Atmanirbhar Bharat
- Net exporter of Agr. Goods & services
- Join League of Developed Nations

#### a. Social Development Indices

- Food Security
- Nutritional Security
- Economic Security
- Environmental Sustainability
- Increased Literacy
- Improved Health
- Reduced Mortality

#### b. Human Happiness Index

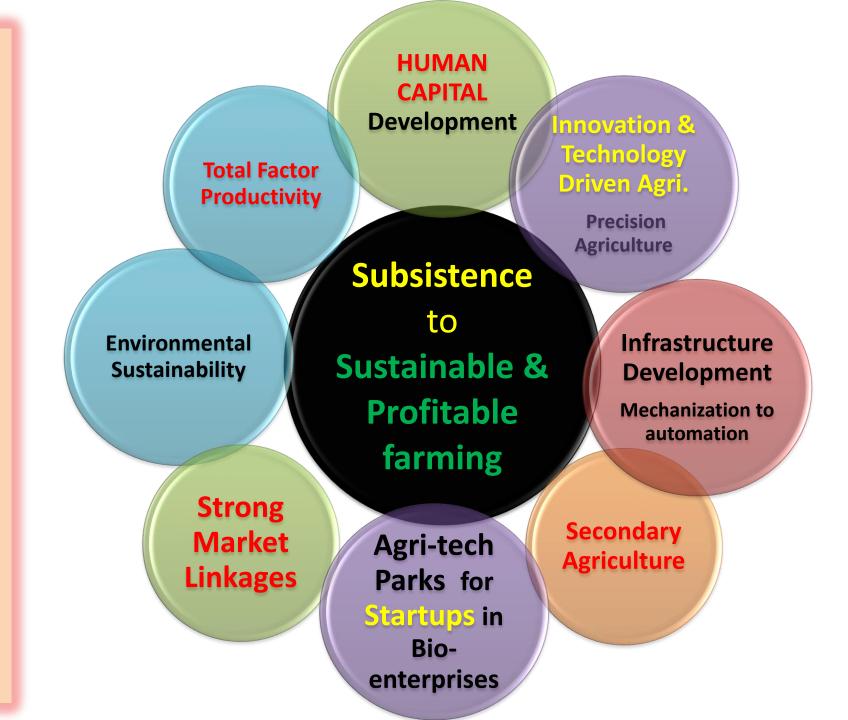
# How do We get there?

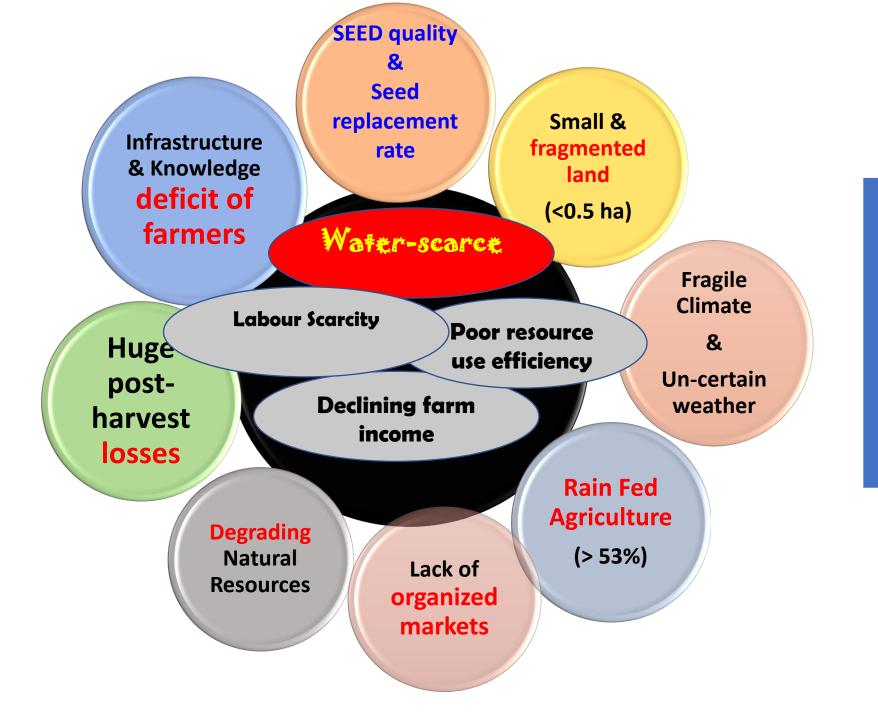
Commercialization & diversification

from low value to high value crops,

post-harvest processing and value addition,

quality standards to stand market competition





# No fantasy but Compelling reasons

# Taking Cue from Israel

# **Unfavourable Natural Conditions:**

Tropical Arid Desert
Cultivated land 10 lac ha

# Global leader in agriculture and water management

- Agri. Growth (1948) 16 times
- Citrus fruits : 262 tons / ha vs 10 ton/ha
- Tomatoes : 300 ton /ha vs 25 ton/ha
- Milk : 50 lts / cow vs 10 lts/cow
- Water recycle : 95%
- Post harvest losses: < 2 % vs 22-30%</li>
- Drip irrigation- 95% vs 3%

# **Major Opportunities**

Medicinal / aromatic plants Forest biores.

Monopoly in Niche Crops

Saffron
Apple (70%)
Apricot
Cherry
Rice land races
Walnuts

Kala zera
Shawl industry
Pashmina fibre
See Buck thorn
Buck wheat

Biodiversity hub in Himalayan region

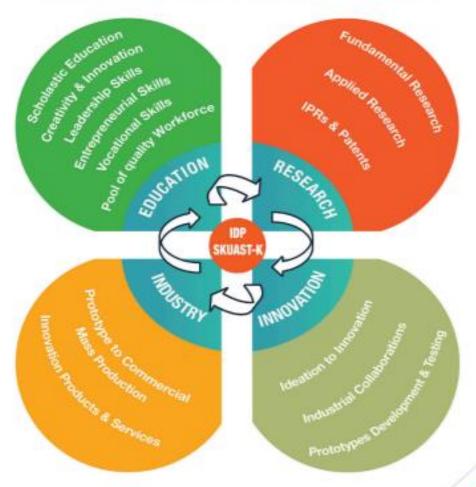
Major opportuni ties

Diversificati on – high value crops Vegetables
(Brocoli)
Floriculture
Stone fruits
Trout fish
Poultry etc

Offseason
crops for big
market of 1.4
billion

Scope for Organics

# A SPINNING WHEEL OF KNOWLEDGE



LINKING EDUCATION AND RESEARCH WITH INNOVATION & ENTREPRENEURSHIP

# **Building Human Capital**

 Niche nationally: Model of Education adopted at National level

#### Next Moves:

- Next Gen Leaders: (innovative and entrepreneurial)
- Mine Grassroot Innovations: Rural Exploration by students
- Vocational & skill trainings to rural Youth
- Continuous education and training of field staff.
- Agri-Educational Tourism with students from across country and world
- Team with premier international organisations

#### Requirements

- Policy
- Infrastructure Housing, Laboratory and classroom
- New courses
- Support for innovations and startups

# **Conserving Land**

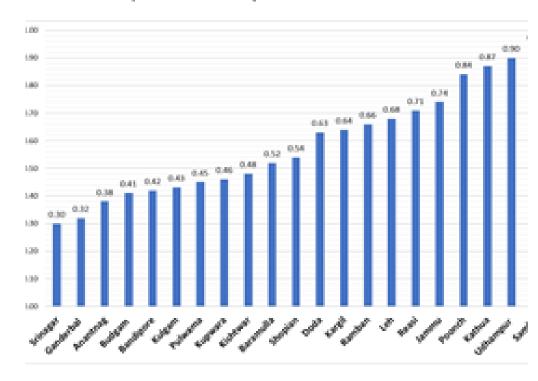
### Food Security Scenario Matrix

(Quantity in 000 MT)

Commodity	Region	Production	Requirement <sup>e</sup> (2022)	Deficit / Surplus (2022)	Deficit / Surplus (2047)
	Jammu	1205	956	26 %	-20%
Cereals	Kashmir	478	1225	-61 %	- 80%
	J&K	1683.5	2230	-24 %	- 60%
Pulses	Jammu	5.7	91	-93 %	?
	Kashmir	3.7	117	-96 %	?
	J&K	10.1	213	-95 %	?

### **Un-economical holdings**

(<0.5 ha) 2015-16



# Conserving Land Intervention NOW

Land use Planning Policy (RS-GIS)

**Soc & Envi Disas** 



**Regulated Housing Policy** 

- ☐ New dwellings on Foothills and Karewa lands
- ☐ Vertical growth in housing

# Promotion of Secondary Agriculture

#### **KEY to BOOST our Agri-Economy**

- Adding value to primary agriculture
- Building agricultural enterprises
- Demand for Processed Foods
- Increase processing from 3% to 25%
- Reduce waste from 30% to 5%
- 3 to 4 fold increase in value
- Job creations







# Promotion of Secondary Agriculture REQUIREMENTS

- Creation of the ecosystem for agri-preunership
- Promotion of Food Processing Industry
- Promotion of Packaging Industry
- Building Agri-Infrastructure
- Creating Market Linkages for proceed products

# **Upgrading Directorate of HP&M**

to

Directorate of Secondary & Commercial Agriculture

# **Building Infrastructure in Agriculture**

### Storage Parks – Modern silos



Modern silos can reduce wastage to less than 1% and reduce desperate sell

#### Warehouses



Warehouses can reduce wastage to less than 5% and improve PHM

### Integrated pack-houses



Drive exports by meeting international standards and quarantine safety

### IoT/ Precision farming assets



Promote AI based smart farming solutions – can increase yield by 10% - 20%

#### **Cold chain infrastructure**



Cold storages can reduce postharvest losses to less than 5%

#### **Community farm assets**



Mechanization can help reduce costs/acre by ~30%

### Refrigerated transportation



Ensure long distance fresh produce transfer; wastage in transportation ~5%

#### **Community drying yards**



Yards in every village - Can reduce post-harvest losses by 5% to 10%

# **Building Infrastructure in Agriculture**



n farming



mart farming ase yield by

**Amount Claimed:** 

Cold c

to less that desperate



harvest lo

Nationally:

J & K

23,000 Crores

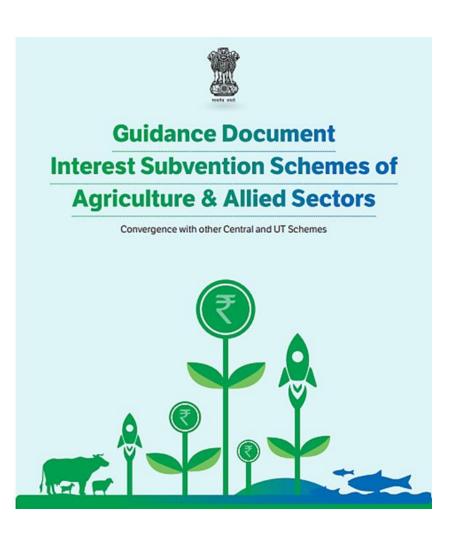
< 5 crores

ying yards



e - Can reduce by 5% to 10%

## **Awareness for Building Infrastructure in Agriculture**



## **Hand-holding**

District Level
Awareness &
Advisory Committees
(DLAAC)

Awareness about schemes

Connecting with PDU

Training & Capacity building

Oversee execution of the Projects

## Mentoring

# **Project Development Unit**

- Sensitization
- Ready available DPRs
- Customisation of DPRs
- Submission of DPRs





Data Science & Machine Learning in Agriculture
Predict risks at production and post-production stages
Data driven decisions



Precision Farming
Efficient and sustainable use of resources
10 tons/ha to 70 tons/ha

# Revamping Agriculture through Smart Technologies



Water Management (IWT Commitments)
Efficient and sustainable use of water
Conserve water by 60%



#### Mechanization & Automation

Smart farming with efficiency & timeliness
Increase efficiency by 70%
Reduce PH losses by 20%



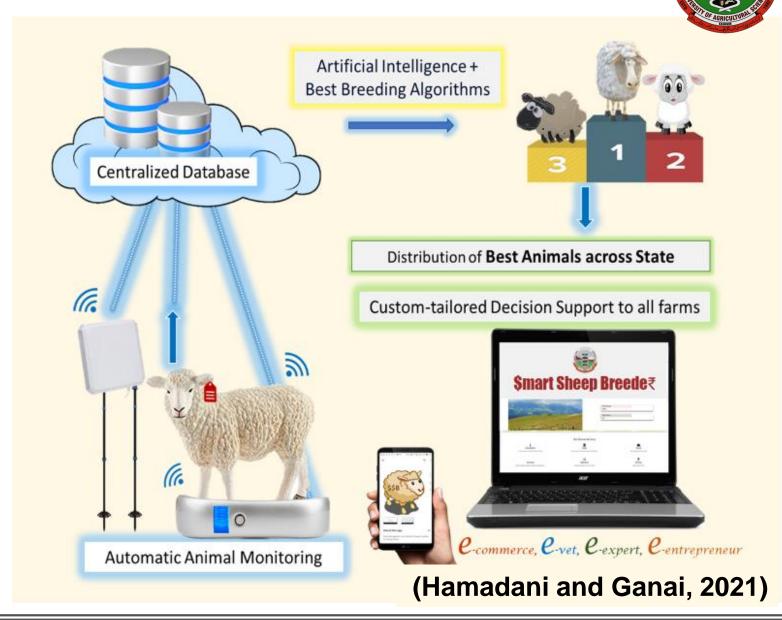
High Tech Protected Cultivation
For improving yield, quality with efficiency at low cost
25 tons / ha to 300 tons/ha

## **SKUAST-K's Smart Solution**

### \$mart Sheep Breede₹©

Al and IoT based Decision Support System (Web & Android App) for farm automation, real time decision support, e-commerce and more

- ✓ Increases Precision
- ✓ Decreases Labour
- ✓ Increases Production



# **Prototype Smart Irrigation System at SKUAST-K**





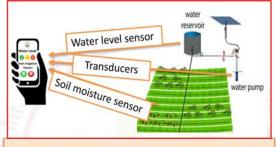


Fabricated model of the microcontroller based system tested in High Density Apple field at SKUAST-K Shalimar Research farm

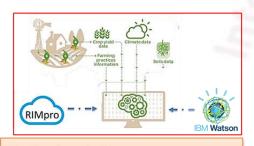
## AppleDoc - SKUASTs First launched Startup Company







**Automated Irrigation Control** 



Data Analytics- IBM Watson & RIMPRO Model



Big Data from 7 lakh orchards



E-commerce: B2B, B2G, G2B, B2C



## How to Go about Smart Agriculture:

#### **CoE – Collaboration with ISREAL**

**Special Policy** for promotion of Hi-Tech Agriculture J & K

• A working Group of experts / consultants

#### **Infrastructure Creation**

• Special Scheme to support smart agriculture

#### **Strengthen Capacity** of two farm universities :

• Setting-up of CoE on AI and ML

Capacity Building of the Technical Staff of Dev. Deptts / Universities

• Short trainings overseas in Israel / Netherlands



# Vegetable and Seed Industry Low volume - High value

#### THE WORLD SEED MARKET (billions \$) 50 Billion 50 45 40 Including 34 Billion 35 Farmers 30 Saved Seed Commercial 20% vegetable seed Total Seed seed market 25 6.8 b\$ Vegetable Field Seeds Seed 20 Vegetable 80% Field 27.2 b \$ Cereal Flower 15 & other (20.3 non GM+6.9 seed 10

#### INDIAN SEED INDUSTRY

- •Total Seed Industry is worth about 7500-8000 crore
- Cereal industry is worth 6000 crore approximately
- About 1/3 rd is contributed by cotton worth 2000crores
- Rice OP and hybrids contribute about 1000crores
- Millet hybrids contribute 500 Crore
- corn contributes around 800 crore
- Vegetable seed industry is worth 1500 crore



# Hydroponic Technologies Standardized by SKUAST-Kashmir for Tomato, Capsicum, Lettuce

S.No	Vegetable Crop	Net Profit (Rs. In lakhs)/ Kanal
1	Tomato Hydroponics	3.85
2	Tomato Open Field	0.39
3	Capsicum Hydroponics	2.88
6	Capsicum Open Field	0.36



**Exotic Vegetables** 

S.No	Vegetable Crop	Net Profit (Rs.)/ Kanal/Season	
1	Cherry Tomato	86,516	
2	Lettuce	111,516	
3	Sprouting Broccoli	136,516	
6	Chinese Cabbage	58,516	
4	Asparagus	136,516	

# Our Richness in Herbals:

# Unexplored







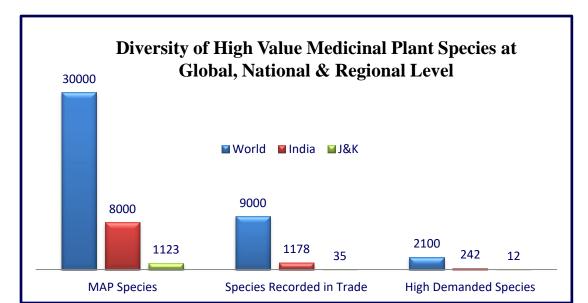
Global herbal market: \$ 71.19 billion

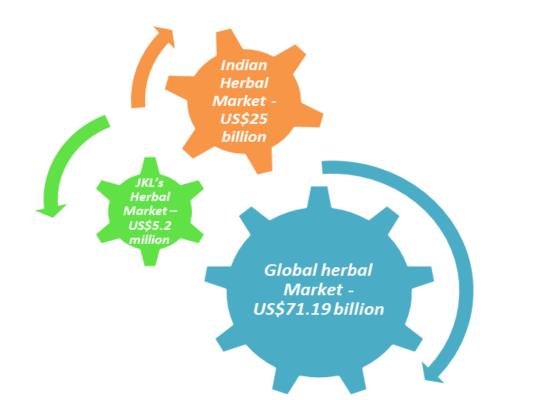
Global nutraceutical, \$ 117 billion

Cosmoceutical market: \$ 42.4 billion

Biopesticide market: \$ 1.3 billion

#### **Share in Market Sectors of Herbal Products (in US\$)**





### Average Market Price of high demanded NTFPs/MAPs Growing Abundantly in JKL

S.No	Species	Part Traded	Av. Price Rs/Kg
1	Morchella esculenta	Fruiting body	12000
2	Acomitum heterophyllum	Root	7959.32
3	Viola odorata	Aerial Part	4825.0
4	Paris polyphylla	Root	3475.0
5	Picrorhiza kurroa	Root	2141.94
6	Valeriana wallichii	Root	566.11
7	Saussurea costus	Root	498.82
8	Inula racemosa	Root	323.5
9	Swertia chirayita	Aerial Part	309.1
10	Podophyllum hexandrum	Root	220.0



Source: e-Charak, NMPB, Gol

### **Key Challenges**

Policy

Operational

Lack of Policy

Unregulated Trade System

Perceived Ban on Cultivation

Ambiguous resource availability.

Destructive Extraction & Over-exploitation

Lack of Revolving Funds for Sustenance

Technical & Institutional

Lack of Institutional Capacities and Management Inputs

Lack of Skilled Human Resource

Lack of R&D Infrastructure

Lack of Marketing Channels & Marketing Information System.





### **Way Forward**

# Approach for devel opment of medicin al plants sector

# Establishment of National Institute of Himalayan Herbal Technology (NIHHT) - to create an institutional mechanism for policy interventions



Bio resource assessment and mapping of medicinal plants

Promotion of commercial cultivation through FPOs/BMCs/JFMCs etc.

**Enforcement of law and regulation on existing trade practices** 

Marketing: Value addition, certification, branding and marketing

Result oriented R&D with focus on chemical characterization and screening of high value drugs

Documentation and preservation of traditional knowledge & biocultural community protocols on medicinal and aromatic plants



### What is It?

- Fast growing sector in agriculture (11-24 %)
- Output values at USD 535 billion
- India: 5<sup>th</sup> largest consumer in world
- Very high employment generation potential



- Promotion of Food Processing Units:
  - Capital investment subsidy for new units
  - Incentive for technology upgradation in existing units
  - Lower GST rates on food processing machineries
  - Electrical duty and land related concessions
- Promotion of Food Packaging Units:
- Focus on regional heritage foods

## **ORGANIC AREAS**

**GUREZ** 

• POTATO, RAJMASH, ZEERA

MACHILL

• WALNUT, RAJMASH, ZAG

**BADERWAH** 

RAJMASH

**PAMPORE** 

• SAFFRON

**HIRPORA** 

POTATO

**KOKERNAG** 

• MUSHKBUDJI

**BANDIPORA** 

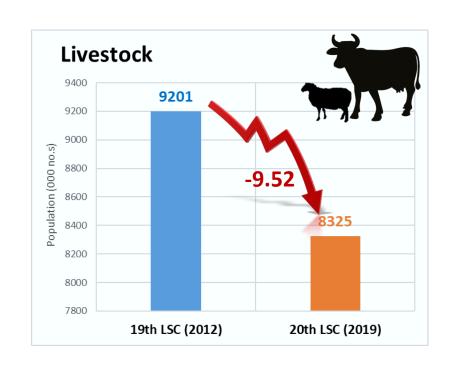
• TOP ONION





### Livestock Population Trends (J&K) (000 no's)

<b>19<sup>th</sup> LSC</b> (2012)	<b>20th LSC</b> (2019)	<b>Trend</b> (% Change)
2798.33	2539.24	-9.26 ↓
738.99	690.83	-6.52 ↓
3389.49	3247.50	-4.19 <b>↓</b>
2017.90	1730.22	-14.26 🔱
2.42	1.22	-49.81 <b>↓</b>
144.49	63.34	-56.17 🔱
36.50	16.72	-54.19 <b>↓</b>
17.25	9.56	-44.55 🔱
0.93	0.47	-49.62 <b>↓</b>
54.49	26.22	-51.88 🔱
	(2012) 2798.33 738.99 3389.49 2017.90 2.42 144.49 36.50 17.25 0.93	(2012)(2019)2798.332539.24738.99690.833389.493247.502017.901730.222.421.22144.4963.3436.5016.7217.259.560.930.47



(DAHD, 2019)

# **Way- Forward**Less number – More productive animals

**How:** A clue from developed world

		1951	2010
Milk produc (Per anin		2000 lts / lac. ( 6.5 lts/day)	10,500 lts/lact. (34 lts /day)
Cattle popul	lation	21 million	9 million

### **Total value of Livestock Products in J & K**

Animal product	Production	Amount	Current
	(2016-17) *	(Rs)	Price
Milk	25.56 lac MT	70.68 billion	Rs 30 / kg
Meat	324 lac kg	12.96 billion	Rs 400 / kg
Eggs	123 lac eggs	0.06 billion	Rs 5 / egg
Poultry	230 lac birds	2.3 billion	Rs 100 / bird
Wool / fibre	72.6 lac Kg	0.72 billion	Rs 100 /kg
Pelts/skin	30 .0 lac pelts	0.6 billion	Rs 200 / pelt
Fish	200 lac kg	6.0 billion	Rs 300/ kg
Manure			
Traction power			
Total	<b>93.32 billion</b> (	= Rs 9332 crores)	

<sup>\*</sup> Data from Deptt of of animal Husbandry and Dairying, Gol

#### Imports of animal products / ingredients in J & K

<b>Animal Product</b>	Qty imported	Amount	Unit Price
Milk	0.87 million Tons	2.7 billion	Rs 30 / kg
Meat	210 lac kg	9.3 billion	Rs 400 / kg
Eggs	6000 lac eggs	3.0 billion	Rs 5 / egg
Poultry	182 lac kgs (40,000 birds/day)	2.19 billion	Rs 120 / bird
Day old chicks	600 lac chicks	3.0 billion	Rs 50 / chick
Compound Feed	3.5 million qts	7.0 billion	Rs 20 / kg
Total Imports		27 billion	

## Interventions in Dairying

**Germplasm improvement and Availability** 

**Promote Processing of Milk** 

De-regulate the milk pricing

Market forces & quality to determine rates of milk

**Strengthen Feed & fodder Production System** 



## **Meat & Poultry**

#### <u>Deficiency</u>

Mutton/Chevon = 50% Chicken = 60% Eggs = 90%

#### **Annual Imports:**

Sheep: 15 lakh

Chicken: 250 lakh Kg

Eggs: 9400 lakh

- Policy to Commercial Sheep Breeders
- Introduction of mutton breeds & High Fecundity Breeds like FINN
- Accelerated Breeding Programs
- Organized Slaughter houses
- Align Pastoral Sheep/Goat Husbandry with Agro-Tourism.
- Strengthen Feed & fodder Production System
- Price De-regulation of livestock products









## **Leather Industry??**

#### **Positives:**

- 3.5 million of sheep & goat skin
- O Potential to generate 700 crore annual economy to Kashmir region
- Employment generation of 25,000 in the value chain
- Will create demand for hides and skin which otherwise goes waste

#### Negatives:

- Environmentally not-sustainable
- One skin Consumes 3000 lts

## **Fisheries**

#### **Status:**

• Culture Fish (10%); Capture (90%) -----> 20,000 tonnes production

Demand: 80,000 tonnes

- Trout = 170 tonnes to 650 tonnes in last decade
- 430 Crore value;

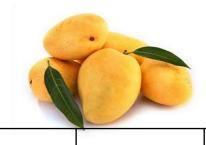
## **Policy Focus on:**

- Extensive stocking of natural water bodies
- Tapping the potential of Reservoirs in J&K
- Establishment of fish hatcheries and brood banks
- More focus on trout production system (Scope to improve by 300%)
- R&D for culture of brown trout and schizothorax
- Use of RAS (Re-circulatory Aquaculture System)
- Cold chain & market strategy for targeting metros (Rs.1500/kg Vs Rs.500/kg)

## Unraveling the Potential of Horticulture Crops











0	S. No	Fruit Crop	Area (Lakh ha)	Production (Lakh MT)	Productivity (MT/ha)	World's best Pty (Mt/ha)	Output Value Economy (Crore Rs.)	Potential (In Crore Rs.)	Value factor times to increase potential	
	1	Apple	1.68	24.19	14.39	70.00	10,000	55,000	5-6 times	
	2	Pear	0.14	0.86	6.14	37.00	400	3000	7-times	
	3	Apricot	0.06	0.21	3.5	21.00	100	600	6-times	
	4	Cherry	0.03	0.12	4.0	10.00	75	500	6-7 times	
	5	Mango	0.13	0.30	2.31		-			
	6	Walnut	0.85	2.80	3.30	25.00	5000	15,000	3- times	
	7	Almond	0.06	0.11	1.83	5.00	450	3000	7 -times	6
	8	Saffron	0.03	13.00	3.5 kg/ha	-	360	600	2 - times	
							16,385	77,700	<b>4.75 times</b>	





# Interventions in Horticulture

#### Minimize Chemical Use

- More thrust on scientific spray schedule
- Use of efficient sprayers
- Develop disease resistant varieties
- Use of bio-control agents

#### Polinizers & Pollination Management

- Decline in natural pollinators ----- Deficit Pollination
- 1700 Crore loss in apple alone
- Developing migratory routes and Pollinator Gardens
- Restriction & regulation of harmful pesticides

#### Cold Chain Facility

- Creation of more CA store facility near production hubs
- Grading & Pack Line Facilities
- Reefer Vans
- Value addition & employment generation

#### Processing & Value addition

- From 3% to 25%
- Converting mandies into value chain parks (making them viable year round)
- Processed Fruit Product Diversification

#### Breeding for climate resilient quality varieties

• R&D interventions

18

# Policy Strategy for FPOs

- Formation of FPOs for niche areas and niche commodities
- Technical, legal and policy support
- Huge relevance with smallholders
- Collectivities in backward and forward linkages
- Branding and Marketing of niche produce
- Better Terms of Trade
- Opportunities for Contract Farming
- FPOs in J&K will address major issues regarding application of technology, value chains, branding & marketing



## Think Tank Institute for Agricultural Policy Planning

#### **Need of the Centre**

- Think tank policy centre for agricultural policy & planning in J&K
- Imperative for devising better strategies and pathways for sustainable growth & development of agriculture & allied sectors in J&K

#### **Vision**

• Policy Science for Development, Equity & Gender in Agriculture

#### Mandate

- Resource use efficiency & true cost of cultivation for better agricultural policy & planning
- Optimal use of resources in sustainable & cost effective manner
- Price forecasting of important commercial crops for better price realization to producers

#### Likely Impact

- Better dividends from scientific policy inputs
- Improved outcome in terms of growth & development out of scarce resources
- Overall Welfare Implications to Economy, Society & Environment



## Policy Recommendation

Issue	Policy Recommendation
Shrinking Land for agriculture, & its improper use	<ul> <li>Policy for proper land use planning for efficient use of land resources, as well as for social and environmental outcomes.</li> <li>A regulated Housing Policy – to spare the agriculture land and water bodies</li> </ul>
Seed Quality and Seed Replacement rate	<ul> <li>Development of high quality and climate resilient varieties of seeds</li> <li>Strategy for seed multiplication through PPP mode and incentivisation</li> </ul>
Secondary Agriculture	<ul> <li>Policy for Promotion of Secondary Agriculture in J K</li> <li>Upgrading the Dir. of Secondary and Commercial Agriculture</li> </ul>
Agri Infrastructure Development	<ul> <li>Establishment of Dist Level Awarness and Advisory Committees (DLAAC) at KVKs</li> <li>Establishment of the Project Development Cells at 2 farm universities</li> </ul>
Developing Agri- entrepreunership	<ul> <li>Policy strategy for developing Agri-Entrepreneurial Ecosystem</li> <li>Establishment of "Innovation, Incubation and Entrepreunership Centers in Hub-Spoke Model" in 2 farm universities</li> <li>2 Agri-Tech StartUp Parks</li> </ul>

Issue	Policy Recommendation
Digital / Hi-Tech Agriculture	<ul> <li>Policy on Promotion of Hi-Tech Protected Cultivation (Veg / Flowers),         Hydroponics for livestock fodder</li> <li>Policy on Promotion of the Precision / Digital Agriculture</li> <li>Setting up of CoE on Al &amp; ML in 2 Farm Universities</li> <li>Short Term overseas Training of the Technical persons of the Development Deptts / Farm Universities in Hi-Tech Agriculture</li> </ul>
FPO and Cooperatives	<ul> <li>Policy on Promotion of FPOs and Cooperatives in J K</li> </ul>
Human Capacity Development	<ul> <li>Policy for 2 Farm universities to go international</li> <li>Policy for Continuous Learning for Field functionaries</li> <li>Vocational Training for rural youth</li> <li>System to Mine Grassroot Innovations by students</li> </ul>

Issue	Policy Recommendation	
Organic agriculture	<ul> <li>Policy on organic farming and certification and declaration of Gurez as organic</li> </ul>	
Medicinal & Aromatic plants	Establishment of Institute of Himalyan Herbal Technology	
Food Processing	<ul> <li>Food Processing Policy to support and incentivize the Food Processing Startups</li> </ul>	
Livestock & Fish	<ul> <li>Policy for Feed and Fodder Development in JK</li> <li>Genetic Improvement of Cattle through better A I coverage</li> <li>Use of Sexed Semen in Cattle</li> <li>Policy for promotion of Milk Processing and Product Development in Private through FPOs and Cooperatives</li> <li>Policy strategy for large scale culture of the Trout Fish to catch national market.</li> <li>Policy for promotion of Commercial Sheep Breeders</li> </ul>	

Issue	Policy Recommendation	
Horti-sector	Policy for promotion of Horti-nurseries in Private Sector.	
	Pollination Management Policy for Sustainable crop production ecosystems	
	Policy on reducing the pesticide load	
	Policy on diversification of Horticulture	
	Development of own varieties of Horti-Crops for international trade	
	• Improvement of the Ambri apple as the next commercial fruit for upper class society	
Sericulture	<ul> <li>Policy on Revival of Sericulture</li> </ul>	
Floriculture	<ul> <li>Policy on Promotion of Commercial Floriculture</li> </ul>	
Policy Planning in	<ul> <li>Establishment of Center for Policy Planning in Agriculture</li> </ul>	
Agriculture		
Working Groups	<ul> <li>Constitution of different Working Groups to formulate the policies in next 4 months for detailing the Policies. Schemes, Guidelines, Financial implications, outcomes and Impact</li> </ul>	

